

AMECC MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION JSC

INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Second Quarter of 2025



INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

As of June 30th, 2025

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Code	Note	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		2,040,630,601,802	2,196,786,024,212
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110		219,607,898,246	182,279,683,271
1. Cash	111	V.01	171,212,728,330	137,631,100,335
2. Cash equivalents	112		48,395,169,916	44,648,582,936
II. Short-term financial investment	120	V.02	100,732,781,862	81,228,997,074
1. Held to maturity investments	123		100,732,781,862	81,228,997,074
III. Current account receivables	130		767,844,582,855	905,952,764,441
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	V.03	493,384,089,587	680,831,059,240
2. Short-term prepayments to suppliers	132	V.04	62,377,342,730	75,697,317,530
3. Short-term intra-company receivables	133		-	-
4. Receivables according to the progress of construction	134		219,541,092,102	140,158,176,954
5. Short-term loan receivables	135		15,998,360,072	15,998,360,072
6. Other current account receivables	136	V.05	57,708,709,929	70,814,884,946
7. Provision for doubtful debts (*)	137	V.06	(81,165,011,565)	(77,547,034,301)
IV. Inventories	140	V.07	918,605,162,324	993,398,831,319
1. Inventories	141		918,605,162,324	993,398,831,319
V. Other Current assets	150		33,840,176,515	33,925,748,107
1. Short-term prepaid expenses	151	V.13	13,004,210,676	15,255,734,778
2. Deductible Value-added tax	152		20,835,038,396	18,669,085,886
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State Budget	153	V.16	927,443	927,443
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		1,093,984,630,576	1,087,306,451,030
I. Non-current account receivables	210		23,185,985,153	22,883,917,137
1. Long-term prepayment to seller	212		2,068,016	-
2. Other non-current account receivables	216	V.05	23,183,917,137	22,883,917,137
II. Fixed assets	220		618,544,674,808	617,035,375,355
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.08	237,102,596,454	239,207,251,462
- Cost	222		522,280,183,879	507,634,902,311
- Accumulated amortization (*)	223		(285,177,587,425)	(268,427,650,849)
2. Financial lease fixed assets	224	V.09	349,939,189,612	345,503,411,257
- Cost	225		461,279,153,063	438,244,069,750
- Accumulated amortization (*)	226		(111,339,963,451)	(92,740,658,493)
3. Intangible fixed assets	227	V.10	31,502,888,742	32,324,712,636
- Cost	228		49,510,893,197	49,510,893,197
- Accumulated amortization (*)	229		(18,008,004,455)	(17,186,180,561)
III. Investment properties	230		-	-
IV. Long-term fixed assets in progress	240	V.11	165,039,882,047	168,841,566,486
1. Construction in progress	242		165,039,882,047	168,841,566,486
V. Long-term financial investments	250	V.12	261,898,011,000	252,278,819,405
1. Investments in subsidiaries	251		11,625,270,000	11,625,270,000
2. Investment in joint ventures and associates	252		77,119,605,000	77,119,605,000
3. Investment in equity of other entities	253		162,543,944,405	162,543,944,405
4. Held to maturity investments	255		10,609,191,595	990,000,000
VI. Other non-current assets	260		25,316,077,568	26,266,772,647
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.13	1,921,568,413	2,872,263,492
2. Deferred income tax assets	262		23,394,509,155	23,394,509,155
TOTAL ASSETS	270		3,134,615,232,378	3,284,092,475,242

INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

As of June 30th, 2025
(Continued)

Unit: VND

OWNER'S EQUITY AND TOTAL LIABILITIES	Code	Note	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
A. LIABILITIES	300		2,299,728,954,863	2,477,505,737,224
I. Current liabilities	310		2,032,131,375,976	2,176,842,426,794
1. Short-term trade payables	311	V.14	428,478,886,117	422,290,017,330
2. Short-term advances from customers	312	V.15	318,276,762,898	421,021,952,032
3. Taxes and other payables to the State Budget	313	V.16	33,123,393,702	48,880,166,157
4. Payables to employees	314		13,993,073,555	26,910,734,964
5. Accrued expenses short-term	315	V.17	27,125,272,961	37,637,370,640
6. Short-term internal payables	316		260,052,510	-
7. Short-term unearned revenue	318			35,000,000
8. Other current payables	319	V.18	31,564,295,327	32,694,758,974
9. Short-term borrowings and financial leases liabilities	320	V.19	1,179,306,268,906	1,187,351,166,697
10. Provision for short-term payables	321		-	-
11. Bonus and welfare fund	322		3,370,000	21,260,000
II. Non-current liabilities	330		267,597,578,887	300,663,310,430
1. Other non-current payables	337	V.18	79,358,968,505	100,858,968,505
2. Long-term borrowings and financial leases liabilities	338	V.19	188,238,610,382	199,804,341,925
B. OWNER'S EQUITY	400		834,886,277,515	806,586,738,018
I. Owner's equity	410	V.20	834,886,277,515	806,586,738,018
1. Contributed capital	411		600,000,000,000	600,000,000,000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		600,000,000,000	600,000,000,000
2. Share premium	412		(3,255,000,000)	(3,255,000,000)
3. Development investment fund	418		191,841,738,018	154,611,356,684
4. Undistributed after-tax profit	421		46,299,539,497	55,230,381,334
- Undistributed after-tax profit brought forward	421a		17,739,947,490	-
- Undistributed after-tax profit of current period	421b		28,559,592,007	55,230,381,334
II. Reserves and other funds	430		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY	440		3,134,615,232,378	3,284,092,475,242

Note: Metrics with negative values are recorded in parentheses ()

Prepared by



Vũ Thị Phương Hào

Chief Accountant



Nguyễn Hữu Phong



Hải phòng, July 25th 2025

General Director

Nguyễn Văn Thọ

INTERIM SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT REPORT

Second quarter of 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
1. Revenues from sales of goods and rendering of se	01	VI.1	1,060,878,488,038	759,790,269,836
2. Revenue deductions	02		-	-
3. Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	10		1,060,878,488,038	1,479,304,628,109
4. Cost of goods sold and services rendered	11	VI.2	983,855,703,748	647,204,873,084
5. Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services	20		77,022,784,290	112,585,396,752
6. Financial income	21	VI.3	4,788,466,343	3,645,888,050
7. Financial expenses:	22	VI.4	22,269,619,931	30,100,890,170
- In which: Interest expenses	23		21,854,637,933	27,676,296,877
8. Selling expenses	24		6,617,778,787	9,026,984,661
9. Administrative expenses	25	VI.5	22,948,004,241	21,485,667,920
10. Net operating profit	30		29,975,847,674	55,617,742,051
11. Other income	31	VI.6	19,712,230,252	13,532,588,632
12. Other expenses	32	VI.7	21,502,806,807	19,161,628,993
13. Other profit	40		(1,790,576,555)	(5,629,040,361)
14. Accounting profit before tax	50		28,185,271,119	49,988,701,690
15. Current corporate income tax expense	51	VI.8	5,659,195,193	21,310,091,562
16. Deferred corporate incom tax expense	52		893,643,719	-
17. Profit after tax	60		21,632,432,207	28,678,610,128

Hải phòng, July 25th 2025

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

General Director



Vũ Thị Phương Hảo



Nguyễn Hữu Phong



Nguyễn Văn Thọ

INTERIM SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Indirect Method
Second quarter of 2025

Unit: VND

ITEM	Code	second quarter of 2025	second quarter of 2024
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	20	100,404,679,894	(304,429,248,317)
1. Profit before tax	01	37,237,197,100	41,258,325,146
2. Adjustments for		82,805,170,279	66,954,306,727
- Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets and investment properties	02	36,171,065,428	33,601,798,438
- Provisions	03	3,617,977,264	(15,253,779,307)
- (Gain)/loss from retranslation of monetary items denominated in foreign currency	04	-	3,998,457,440
- (Gain)/loss from investment/Disposal of fixed assets	05		(5,906,932,571)
- Interest expenses	06	43,016,127,587	58,402,241,233
- Other deductions	07		(7,887,478,506)
3. Operating profit/loss before changes of working capital	08	120,042,367,379	108,212,631,873
- (Increase) decrease in account receivables	09	135,642,229,076	(127,676,856,927)
- (Increase)decrease in inventories	10	74,793,668,995	(292,280,077,564)
- Increase/ (decrease) in account payables (excluding interest payable, corporate income tax liabilities)	11	(217,972,168,484)	78,969,583,489
- (Increase)/ decrease in prepaid expenses	12	3,202,219,181	(298,108,274)
- Interest paid	14	(43,016,127,587)	(54,485,496,983)
- Corporate income tax paid	15	(9,500,000,000)	(16,861,476,743)
- Other receipt from operating activities	16	-	-
- Other payments for operating activities	17	37,212,491,334	(9,447,188)
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	30	(43,465,835,585)	(103,759,750,298)
1. Payments for acquisitions, constructions of fixed assets	21	(14,392,240,172)	(93,219,876,847)
2. Proceeds from disposal and liquidation of fixed assets and other long-term	22	92,950,000	16,983,780,000
3. Loans given and purchases of debt instruments of other entities	23	(43,330,061,170)	(86,547,288,281)
4. Recovery of loans given and disposal of debt instruments of other entities	24	10,460,497,807	54,690,072,235
5. Investment in other entities	25		
6. Withdrawals of investments in other entities	26		
7 Interest, dividends and profit distribution received	27	3,703,017,950	4,333,562,595
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	40	(19,610,629,334)	268,118,714,245
1. Proceeds from issuance of shares, capital contribution from shareholders	31		
2. Short-term and long-term loans received	33	1,151,958,673,420	1,388,008,205,727
3. Repayments of loans principal	34	(1,136,917,631,345)	(1,092,884,339,563)
4. Payments for financial leasehold assets	35	(34,651,671,409)	(27,005,151,919)
5. Dividends paid, profits shared to shareholders	36		
Net cash flows during the period	50	37,328,214,975	(140,070,284,370)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60	182,279,683,271	215,651,512,038
Foreign exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents	61		309,033,802
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	70	219,607,898,246	75,890,261,470

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Chief Accountant


Nguyễn Hữu Phong



Hải Phòng, July 25th 2025

General Director


Nguyễn Văn Thọ

INTERIM SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT

Second quarter of 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	Second Quarter of 2025	Second Quarter of 2024	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
1. Revenues from sales of goods and rendering of services	01	VI.1	1,060,878,488,038	759,790,269,836	1,613,908,178,844	1,479,304,628,109
2. Revenue deductions	02		-	-	-	-
3. Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	10		1,060,878,488,038	759,790,269,836	1,613,908,178,844	1,479,304,628,109
4. Cost of goods sold and services rendered	11	VI.2	983,855,703,748	647,204,873,084	1,487,152,334,555	1,317,985,223,453
5. Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services	20		77,022,784,290	112,585,396,752	126,755,844,289	161,319,404,656
6. Financial income	21	VI.3	4,788,466,343	3,645,888,050	10,039,741,242	8,534,912,216
7. Financial expenses	22	VI.4	22,269,619,931	30,100,890,170	43,629,090,549	68,031,685,667
- in which: Interest expenses	23		21,854,637,933	27,676,296,877	43,016,127,587	58,402,241,233
8. Selling expenses	24		6,617,778,787	9,026,984,661	12,930,197,316	20,384,144,395
9. Administrative expenses	25	VI.5	22,948,004,241	21,485,667,920	40,695,400,085	30,026,047,995
10. Net operating profit	30		29,975,847,674	55,617,742,051	39,540,897,581	51,412,438,815
11. Other income	31	VI.6	19,712,230,252	13,532,588,632	19,808,607,569	3,476,668,057
12. Other expenses	32	VI.7	21,502,806,807	19,161,628,993	22,112,308,050	13,630,781,726
13. Other profit	40		(1,790,576,555)	(5,629,040,361)	(2,303,700,481)	(10,154,113,669)
14. Accounting profit before tax	50		28,185,271,119	49,988,701,690	37,237,197,100	41,258,325,146
15. Current corporate income tax expense	51	VI.8	5,659,195,193	21,310,091,562	7,783,961,374	10,550,147,417
16. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52		893,643,719	-	893,643,719	(7,431,352,065)
17 Profit after tax	60		21,632,432,207	28,678,610,128	28,559,592,007	38,139,529,794

Prepared by


Vũ Thị Phương Hào

Chief Accountant


Nguyễn Hữu Phong

Hải phòng, July 25th 2025

General Director




Nguyễn Văn Thọ

NOTE OF INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Second Quarter of 2025

I. COMPANY OPERATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Capital Ownership Form

Amecc Mechanical Construction Joint Stock Company was established and operates under the Business Registration Certificate for Joint Stock Company No. 0200786983 issued on February 1, 2008, and amended for the 21th time on March 30th 2023, by the Hai Phong of Department of Planning and Investment.

The company's headquarters is located at Km 35, National Highway 10, An Quang Commune, Hai Phong City. As of June 30th 2025, the company employs 1.009 workers.

2. Business Line

- Other civil engineering construction. Details: Construction of industrial and urban infrastructure;
- Construction of processing, manufacturing facilities. Details: Construction of industrial facilities;
- Architectural activities and related technical consultancy. Details: Consultation and design of heating for industrial and civil projects; Design of ventilation, air conditioning, and heating for civil and industrial construction; Technical design of civil and industrial facilities; Mechanical and electrical design for civil and industrial facilities; Design of road facilities; Design of general construction site plans; Architectural design of facilities; Design of interior and exterior of facilities
- Wholesale of metals and metal ores. Details: Wholesale of iron, steel, copper, lead, cast iron;
- Construction finishing;
- Mechanical processing; metal treating and coating;
- Installation of other building systems. Details: Installation of elevators, automatic staircases; Installation of automatic doors; Installation of lighting systems, sound systems, dust extraction systems;
- Other specialized construction activities. Details: Dredging; Repair of construction works;
- Production of metal tanks, reservoirs and containers;
- Installation of industrial machinery and equipment;
- Shipbuilding and floating structures;
- Production of metal components;

3. Business Structure

As of June 30th, 2025, the business structure is as follows:

Subsidiary company

- AMECC MYANMAR Company Limited.

II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD, CURRENCY USED IN ACCOUNTING

1. Accounting period, currency used in accounting

The financial year of the Company starts on January 1st and ends on December 31st

The currency used in accounting is the Vietnamese Dong (VND).

III. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIMES

1. Applied Accounting Regime

The company applies the Vietnamese accounting system issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014 by the Ministry of Finance, which provides guidance on the accounting regime for enterprises; Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 by the Ministry of Finance amends and supplements some provisions of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014 by the Ministry of Finance on the enterprise accounting regime, and other legal documents as prescribed by the state.

2. Statement on Compliance with Accounting Standards and Accounting Regime

The company has applied the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the guiding documents on standards issued by the state. The financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with all regulations of each standard, circulars guiding the implementation of the standards, and the current Accounting Regime being applied.

IV. APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis for the preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are presented based on the historical cost principle.

Each subsidiary unit establishes its own accounting system and operates on a dependent accounting basis. The consolidated financial statements of the entire company are prepared based on the aggregate financial statements of these subsidiary units. Revenue, expenses, and inter-company account balances among the subsidiary units are eliminated during the preparation of the financial statements.

2. Principle for recognizing cash and cash equivalents

Economic transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Vietnamese dong at the actual exchange rate at the time the transaction occurs. At the end of the period, foreign currency monetary items are converted at the buying rate of the commercial bank where the company holds its accounts, as published on the last day of the fiscal year.

3. Accounting Principle for Financial Investments

Held-to-Maturity Investments

Held-to-maturity investments include investments which the Company intends and is able to hold until maturity. These investments are primarily time deposits made with banks. Held-to-maturity investments are recognized from the purchase date and are initially measured at cost, including purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the transaction. Interest income from held-to-maturity investments acquired after the purchase date is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis. Interest received before the company takes possession is deducted from the cost at the time of purchase.

Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost, less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of held-to-maturity investments is established according to current accounting standards.

Investments in Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the investee to obtain benefits from its activities.

Investments in Equity Instruments of Other Entities

Investments in the equity instruments of other entities represent investments in capital instruments where the Company does not have control, joint control, or significant influence over the investee. Investments in the capital instruments of other entities are carried at cost less any provision for impairment losses.

4. Accounting Principle for Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts recoverable from customers or other parties. Accounts receivable are presented at their book value less any provision for doubtful debts. A provision for doubtful debts is established based on the assessment by the management for receivables that are overdue or for receivables where the debtor is unlikely to make payment due to liquidation, bankruptcy, or similar difficulties.

5. Accounting Principle for Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost, or at net realizable value if this is lower than cost. The cost of inventory includes purchase costs, processing costs, and other direct costs incurred to bring the inventory to its present location and condition.

The cost of inventory is determined using the weighted average cost method. Net realizable value is determined by estimating the selling price less the estimated costs to complete the product and the estimated costs of marketing, selling, and distribution.

Inventory is accounted for using the perpetual inventory system.

Provision for devaluation of inventories is established in accordance with current accounting standards. Accordingly, the company is allowed to make a provision for obsolete, damaged, or poor-quality inventory and in cases where the cost of the inventory exceeds its net realizable value at the end of the fiscal year.

6. Accounting Principle for Recognition and Depreciation of Fixed Assets

Accounting Principles for Tangible and Intangible Fixed Assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets are recognized at cost. Throughout their use, tangible and intangible fixed assets are accounted for at historical cost, accumulated depreciation, and residual value;

Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method. The depreciation period is determined according to the duration specified in Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013, by the Ministry of Finance and other amending and supplementary legal documents as prescribed by the state.

Accounting Principles for Finance Lease Assets

A lease contract is classified as a finance lease if the lessor transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the company. Finance lease fixed assets are recorded at the lower of the fair value of the asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments at the start of the lease term.

Finance lease fixed assets are depreciated like the company's own fixed assets. If there is uncertainty about the purchase of the leased fixed asset, depreciation is calculated based on the lease term if the lease term is shorter than its useful life.

7. Accounting Principle for Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses include actual costs incurred that relate to the results of production and business activities over multiple accounting periods. Prepaid expenses include large value tools and equipment that are expected to bring economic benefits to the Company in the future. These costs are capitalized in the form of prepaid expenses and are allocated to the income statement using the straight-line method according to current accounting regulations.

8. Accounting Principle for Accounts Payable

Criteria for Classifying Payables

- Trade payables includes payables arising from commercial transactions related to the purchase of goods, services, and assets. This category includes payables arising from imports through consignees.
- Internal Payables consist of amounts owed between the company as the parent entity and its subsidiaries or branches that do not have separate legal entity status and operate on a dependent accounting basis.
- Other Payables are remaining payables that are not classified as payable to customers or internal payables.

Payables are accounted for in detail for each party and each payable item, with detailed tracking of payment terms and monitoring in the original currency.

Payables with a remaining maturity of less than 12 months (less than one business cycle) at the time of preparing the financial statements (BCTC) are classified as short-term debt; other payables not classified as short-term debt are classified as long-term debt. When preparing the financial statements, payables are reclassified according to this principle.

The company reassesses the accounts payable in foreign currencies at each financial statement date. The actual transaction exchange rate used for revaluation of accounts payable to suppliers is the selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the company designates customers to make payments at the time of preparing the financial statements, or where the company regularly transacts.

The company will recognize a payable immediately when there is evidence that a definite loss has occurred, following the prudence principle. Accounts payable are not recorded at less than the value of the obligation. Provisions for accounts payable are established at the time of preparing the financial statements according to current regulations.

9. Accounting Principle for Borrowings Recognition

The value of loans is recorded according to each disbursement and repayment. Loans are accounted for in detail and monitored by each lender, borrower, loan agreement, type of asset borrowed, loan term, and currency of the loan.

When preparing the financial statements, the balance of loans in foreign currency is revalued according to the selling rate of the bank where the company has loan transactions.

10. Accounting Principle for Recognition and Capitalization of Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as production and operating expenses in the year they occur, except when they are capitalized in accordance with the accounting standard "Borrowing Costs." According to this standard, borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets, which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of the assets until such assets are ready for their intended use or sale. Income generated from the temporary investment of specific borrowings is deducted from the cost of the asset related to these borrowings. For borrowings specifically obtained to construct fixed assets or investment properties, interest is capitalized regardless of whether the construction period is less than 12 months. The capitalization rate for borrowing costs during the period is 0%.

11. Accounting Principle for Recognition of Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses reflect amounts payable for goods and services already received from suppliers or provided to buyers but not yet paid because invoices have not been received or sufficient accounting documentation is not yet available. These are recorded as production and business expenses based on the principle of matching revenues with expenses. Once the necessary accounting documents are available, if there is a discrepancy with the amounts previously accrued, the accounts are adjusted by recording additional expenses or reducing the expenses corresponding to the difference.

12. Accounting Principle for Recognition of Equity Capital

Recognition of Owner's Contributed Capital and Share Premium

The invested capital from owners is recorded based on the actual amount contributed by the owners. Share premium is recorded based on the difference, whether positive or negative, between the actual issue price and the par value of the shares at the time of initial public offering, additional issuance, or reissuance of treasury shares.

Recognition of Undistributed profit

Retained earnings after tax include the profits from the company's operations after subtracting adjustments due to retrospective application of changes in accounting policies and correction of material errors from previous years. Profits are distributed to owners according to the annual resolutions of the shareholders' meeting.

13. Principles and Methods for Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognized when the following conditions are simultaneously met:

- The majority of risks and benefits associated with the ownership of products or goods have been transferred to the buyer.
- The company no longer retains managerial control over the goods as an owner or controller.
- The revenue can be reliably measured.
- The company has received or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction.
- The costs associated with the sales transaction can be determined.

Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be reliably measured. If the service delivery spans multiple periods, revenue is recognized in the period based on the proportion of service that has been completed by the date of preparing the balance sheet for that period. The outcome of the service transaction is determined when the following conditions are met:

- The revenue can be reliably measured.
- It is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.
- The proportion of work completed by the date of the balance sheet can be determined.

- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be determined.

Revenue from Construction Contracts

Revenue from construction contracts is recognized when the outcome of the construction contract can be reliably measured and has been certified by the customer. Revenue and related expenses are recognized in proportion to the work completed during the period as reflected on the issued invoices.

Financial income

This includes revenue generated from bank deposit interest, dividends, and gains from foreign exchange differences. It is recorded based on the monthly bank interest notifications, dividend payment notices, and gains resulting from exchange rate changes related to foreign currency transactions.

14. Accounting Principle for Cost of Goods Sold

When recognizing revenue, a corresponding cost (cost of goods sold) associated with generating that revenue is also recognized simultaneously. This cost includes expenses incurred in the period that generated the revenue and costs from previous periods or accrued expenses related to the revenue of that period.

15. Principles and Methods for Recognizing Financial Expenses

Financial expenses include costs related to borrowing and interest expenses; losses arising from changes in exchange rates associated with foreign currency transactions. These amounts are recognized as incurred during the period and are not offset against financial operation revenue.

16. Accounting Principle for Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses reflect the total general expenses of the company such as: salaries and insurance for company management staff, depreciation of fixed assets used for business management, land rent, business license tax, provision for doubtful accounts, and outsourced services for the company's management.

17. Principles and Methods for Recognizing Current Corporate Income Tax Expenses

Current corporate income tax expenses are determined based on taxable income and the corporate income tax rate for the current year.

Other types of taxes are applied according to the current tax laws in Vietnam.

18. Related Parties

Parties are considered related if one has the ability to control the other, or to significantly influence the related party either directly or indirectly through common control relationships or significant influence. Transactions with related parties are disclosed in the financial statements' notes.

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

	Unit: VND	
	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
1. Cash		
Cash on hand	12,306,764,911	16,843,485,124
Demand deposits	158,905,963,419	120,787,615,211
Cash equivalents	48,395,169,916	44,648,582,936
Total	219,607,898,246	182,279,683,271

2. Financial Investments

Held-to-maturity investments

	30/06/2025		01/01/2025	
	Cost	Book Value	Cost	Book Value
	100,732,781,862	100,732,781,862	81,228,997,074	81,228,997,074
- Term Deposits (*)	100,732,781,862	100,732,781,862	81,228,997,074	81,228,997,074
Total	100,732,781,862	100,732,781,862	81,228,997,074	81,228,997,074

(*) Term deposits ranging from 3 to 12 months at domestic joint-stock commercial banks, earning interest rates from 4.5% to 7% per annum. At the end of the accounting period, all the aforementioned term deposits were used as collateral for short-term loans at the banks.

3. Receivables from Customers

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
<i>a) Short-term Trade Receivables</i>	<i>406,177,232,673</i>	<i>574,883,288,887</i>
- T-TECH Vietnam Technology Group	32,146,272,861	14,350,684,524
- Viet Nam Electricity (EVN)	16,371,525,551	16,371,525,551
- Esindus S.A.U (Member of Hamon Group)	964,384,865	964,384,865
- VICEM BÚT SƠN CEMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY	2,767,915,977	2,767,915,977
- Amec Foster Wheeler Energia, S.L.U.(WOOD PLC)	455,760,000	909,000,000
- Samsung Engineering Co., Ltd (Xuất khẩu)	45,551,934,766	61,585,807,975
- Joint Venture of Samsung Engineering CO.,LTD and CTCI Corporat	3,482,223,842	92,579,088,640
- Joint Venture MC – HDEC – CCI	54,262,917,674	103,333,959,222
- ALPHANAM E&C joint stock Company	2,942,937,691	42,903,284,985
- VIRTIA INC	23,204,921,547	36,517,514,298
- Other receivables	224,026,437,899	202,600,122,850
<i>b) Receivables from related parties</i>	<i>87,206,856,914</i>	<i>105,947,770,353</i>
- AMECC GT Joint Stock Company		203,206,152
- GT Energy Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company	5,298,515,943	18,598,515,943
- Green Technology Construction Joint Stock Company	69,072,746,389	33,145,669,311
- AMECC Trading Joint Stock Company	12,835,594,582	54,000,378,947
Total:	493,384,089,587	680,831,059,240

4. Prepayments to Suppliers		30/06/2025	01/01/2025	
a) Short-term Prepayments to Suppliers		53,695,903,305	65,009,766,406	
- Shanghai Katalor Enterprises Co.,Ltd			1,734,470,920	
- Saudi Arabian Oil Company			1,341,380,957	
- Bach Dang 12 Development Investment and Construction Joint Stock		11,874,260,299	11,874,260,299	
- Hoang Mai Development and Industry Joint Stock Company		6,518,731,719	6,518,731,719	
- Marking Services Inc (S) Pte Ltd			1,218,436,989	
- TTS CORPORATION			1,490,835,096	
- QTE Elevator Vietnam Co., Ltd.		718,300,000	1,661,000,000	
- KIMSCO CO.,LTD		90,023,813	2,838,143,143	
- SHANDONG HIKING INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE GROUP			1,003,525,092	
- DIAMAND HOLDING LIMITED			2,090,502,664	
- Other Short-term Prepayments to Suppliers		34,494,587,474	33,238,479,527	
b) Prepayments to Related Party Suppliers		8,681,439,425	10,687,551,124	
- Green Technology Construction Joint Stock Company		8,681,439,425	10,687,551,124	
Total		62,377,342,730	75,697,317,530	
5. Other Receivables				
	Value	30/06/2025 Provision	Value	01/01/2025 Provision
a) Short-term	57,708,709,929	-	70,814,884,946	-
- Other Receivables	17,418,451,424	-	18,118,840,364	-
- Advances	20,194,137,483	-	32,940,395,869	-
- Receivables of Union Fees				
- Balances of Other Payables	245,371,000		1,010,178,186	
- Deposits and Guarantees	19,850,750,022	-	18,745,470,527	-
b) Long-term	23,183,917,137	-	22,883,917,137	-
- Deposits and Guarantees	23,183,917,137	-	22,883,917,137	-
Total	80,892,627,066	-	93,698,802,083	-
6. Provision for Doubtful Short-term Receivables				
	Cost	30/06/2025 Recoverable Value	Cost	01/01/2025 Recoverable Value
Total Value of Overdue Receivables				
- Accounts Receivable from Cust	88,955,630,235	7,790,618,670	83,726,455,392	6,179,421,091
Total	88,955,630,235	7,790,618,670	83,726,455,392	6,179,421,091
7. Inventory				
	Cost	30/06/2025 Provision	Cost	01/01/2025 Provision
Raw materials, supplies	410,077,973,364	-	363,438,676,505	-
Tools, equipment	3,336,546,628	-	2,961,095,074	-
Work-in-process costs	505,144,358,026	-	626,999,059,740	-
Goods for sale	46,284,306	-	-	-
Total	918,605,162,324	-	993,398,831,319	-

8. Increase (decrease) in tangible fixed assets

Items	Buildings & structures	Machinery and equipment	Transportation	Equipment	Other Fixed assets	Total
Cost						
Opening Balance	229,553,659,998	164,544,084,926	37,538,931,540	21,614,909,736	54,383,316,111	507,634,902,311
Increasing	14,511,232,649	11,245,181,000	977,716,464	30,500,000	-	26,764,630,113
- Purchasing		11,245,181,000	977,716,464	30,500,000		12,253,397,464
- Completed construction	14,511,232,649	-	-	-		14,511,232,649
- Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Decreasing	-	10,924,081,000	1,195,267,545	-	-	12,119,348,545
- Other reductions	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Disposal, sale	-	10,924,081,000	1,195,267,545	-	-	12,119,348,545
- Reclassification	0	-	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	244,064,892,647	164,865,184,926	37,321,380,459	21,645,409,736	54,383,316,112	522,280,183,879
Accumulated depreciation						
Opening Balance	90,951,822,643	128,790,967,454	28,456,059,408	12,450,456,296	7,778,345,048	268,427,650,849
Increasing	5,866,847,081	4,639,750,261	1,035,819,417	3,277,479,699	3,030,943,548	17,850,840,006
- Depreciation for the period	5,866,847,081	4,639,750,261	1,035,819,417	3,277,479,699	3,030,943,548	17,850,840,006
- Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Decreasing	-	48,029,412	1,052,874,018	-	-	1,100,903,430
- Disposal, sale	-	48,029,412	1,052,874,018	-	-	1,100,903,430
- Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	96,818,669,724	133,382,688,303	28,439,004,807	15,727,935,995	10,809,288,596	285,177,587,425
Residual value						
As of the beginning of the period	138,601,837,355	35,753,117,472	9,082,872,132	9,164,453,440	46,604,971,063	239,207,251,462
As of the end of the period	147,246,222,923	31,482,496,623	8,882,375,652	5,917,473,741	43,574,027,516	237,102,596,454

- Remaining end-of-period value of tangible fixed assets used as collateral for loans:

118,510,863,447 đồng

- Historical cost of fully depreciated fixed assets still in use at the end of the period:

92,675,907,925 đồng

9. Increase/Decrease in finance lease fixed assets

Items	Machinery and equipment	Total
Cost		
Opening Balance	438,244,069,750	438,244,069,750
Increasing	23,035,083,313	23,035,083,313
- Finance Lease	23,035,083,313	23,035,083,313
Decreasing	-	-
Closing Balance	461,279,153,063	461,279,153,063
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening Balance	92,740,658,493	92,740,658,493
Increasing	18,599,304,958	18,599,304,958
- Depreciation for the period	18,599,304,958	18,599,304,958
Decreasing	-	-
- Reclassification	-	-
Closing Balance	111,339,963,451	111,339,963,451
Residual value		
As of the beginning of the period	345,503,411,257	345,503,411,257
As of the end of the period	349,939,189,612	349,939,189,612

10. Increase, decrease in intangible fixed assets

Items	Land clearance costs	Other intangible fixed assets	Total
Cost			
Opening Balance	44,042,972,877	5,467,920,320	49,510,893,197
Increasing	-	-	-
Decreasing	-	-	-
Closing Balance	44,042,972,877	5,467,920,320	49,510,893,197
Accumulated depreciation			
Opening Balance	14,914,168,980	2,272,011,581	17,186,180,561
Increasing	480,326,292	341,497,602	821,823,894
- Depreciation for the period	480,326,292	341,497,602	821,823,894
- Reclassification	-	-	-
Decreasing	-	-	-
Closing Balance	15,394,495,272	2,613,509,183	18,008,004,455
Residual value			
As of the beginning of the period	29,128,803,897	3,195,908,739	32,324,712,636
As of the end of the period	28,648,477,605	2,854,411,137	31,502,888,742

11. Long-term construction in progress

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
a) Purchasing of fixed assets		
b) Construction in progress	165,039,882,047	168,841,566,486
- Other construction components	165,039,882,047	168,841,566,486
Total	165,039,882,047	168,841,566,486

12. Long-term financial investments		30/06/2025		01/01/2025	
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision	
<i>a) Investment in subsidiaries.</i>	<i>11,625,270,000</i>	-	<i>11,625,270,000</i>	-	
- AMECC Myanmar Company Limited	11,625,270,000	-	11,625,270,000	-	
<i>b) Investment in joint ventures</i>	<i>77,119,605,000</i>	-	<i>77,119,605,000</i>	-	
- AMECC Trading Joint Stock Company	9,869,765,000	-	9,869,765,000	-	
- Global Module Center Joint Stock Company	67,249,840,000	-	67,249,840,000	-	
<i>c) Investment in other entities</i>	<i>162,543,944,405</i>	-	<i>162,543,944,405</i>	-	
- LISEMCO 3 Joint stock Company	100,000,000	-	100,000,000	-	
- LISEMCO 5 Joint stock Company	100,000,000	-	100,000,000	-	
- AMECC GT Joint Stock Company (**)	6,920,000,000	-	6,920,000,000	-	
- Myanma Shipyards - AMECC Joint Venture Company Limited (*)	155,423,944,405	-	155,423,944,405	-	
- Công ty CP Dịch vụ kỹ thuật Amecc Miền Nam					
<i>d) Held-to-maturity investments</i>	<i>10,609,191,595</i>	-	<i>990,000,000</i>	-	
- LISEMCO 3 Joint stock Company					
- LISEMCO 5 Joint stock Company					
- Bond (**)	800,000,000	-	800,000,000	-	
- Term deposits	9,809,191,595	-	190,000,000	-	
Total	261,898,011,000	-	252,278,819,405	-	

AMECC has not assessed the fair value of financial investments at the end of the accounting period due to the lack of specific guidelines in current regulations on determining the fair value of financial investments

(*) The investment contribution recorded according to the investment confirmation of the joint venture company Amecc - Myanma Shipyards. As of December 31, 2024, the actual contributed capital amounted to USD 6,809,900, equivalent to VND 155,423,944,405, out of a total expected capital contribution of USD 26,310,000, corresponding to a contribution

(**) Investment in bonds issued by Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade with a term of 10 years.

(***) AMECC GT Joint Stock Company has increased its capital, and the investment in this company has shifted from an investment in an associate to a long-term investment in another entity

13. Prepaid expenses		30/06/2025	01/01/2025
a) Short-term		13,004,210,676	15,255,734,778
- Tools and equipment		13,004,210,676	15,255,734,778
- Other items			
b) Long-term		1,921,568,413	2,872,263,492
- Tools and equipment		1,921,568,413	2,872,263,492
- Other items			
Total		14,925,779,089	18,127,998,270

14. Short-term accounts payable	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
<i>a) Short-term accounts payable</i>	<i>335,608,922,627</i>	<i>338,097,113,998</i>
- Marubeni Itochu Steel Vietnam LLC	52,218,559,155	64,145,945,981
- Power Construction Company No. 1 Joint Stock Company	10,800,000,000	12,700,000,000
- VIETRANSTIMEX Multimodal Transport Joint Stock Company	4,406,288,001	4,606,288,001
- Petroleum Equipment Assembly and Metal Structure Joint Stock Company	48,601,951,542	48,601,951,542
- Marubeni-Itochu Steel Pte Ltd	1,424,519,775	
- Itochu Vietnam LLC		25,699,353,904
- Viet Nam Insultec International Company Ltd.,	5,760,233,520	14,494,425,747
- Dongbang Logistics Vina Company Ltd.,		3,150,268,410
- Hoang Ngoc Phat Transport Trading Company Limited	12,337,156,447	13,466,967,539
- Logistics F&F Company Ltd.,	4,523,082,177	6,167,141,942
- Other accounts payable	195,537,132,010	145,064,770,932
<i>b) Prepayments from related parties</i>	<i>92,869,963,490</i>	<i>84,192,903,332</i>
- Amecc Myanmar Co., Ltd.	16,091,389,712	16,091,389,712
- Amecc Trading Joint Stock Company	1,271,571,057	904,912,810
- GT Energy Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company	4,251,601,908	636,077,733
- Amecc GT Joint Stock Company	71,255,400,813	66,560,523,077
Total	428,478,886,117	422,290,017,330

15. Prepaid by customers	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
<i>a) Short-term customer prepayments</i>	<i>285,904,871,504</i>	<i>407,178,450,359</i>
- Vietnam Airlines Engineering Company Limited	75,065,907,540	75,065,907,540
- Zilei International Engineering Consultant Co., Ltd	13,461,631,493	13,461,631,493
- PHU GIA SEED JOINT STOCK COMPANY	28,413,023,700	
- VICEM HP CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	9,338,320,773	
- KT-Kinetics Technology SpA		9,067,912,505
- Terra Nova Technologies, Inc	41,772,714,446	49,848,364,465
- BHI Co., Ltd	91,244,200,763	242,594,364,035
- Vogt Power International (VPI)	4,398,025,829	5,755,520,231
- Other customers	22,211,046,960	11,384,750,090
<i>b) Prepayments from related parties</i>	<i>32,371,891,394</i>	<i>13,843,501,673</i>
- Công ty cổ phần AMECC GT	18,528,389,721	
- MYANMA SHIPYARD-AMECC JVCO.,LTD (ĐẦU TƯ)	13,843,501,673	13,843,501,673
Total	318,276,762,898	421,021,952,032

16. Taxes and other payables to the State Budget

	01/01/2025	Amount due for the period	Amount actually paid during the	30/06/2025
<i>a) Payable to the government</i>				
Value-added tax payable	19,480,419,643	16,231,176,655	31,105,796,707	4,605,799,591
Import and export duties	-	3,403,782	3,403,782	-
Corporate income tax	24,850,423,168	8,677,605,093	9,500,000,000	24,028,028,261
Personal income tax	2,510,261,447	851,782,195	1,149,257,239	2,212,786,403
Resource tax	-			-
Land tax and land rent	2,039,061,899	2,345,881,548	2,108,164,000	2,276,779,447
Fees, duties, and other charges payable	-	33,417,410	33,417,410	-
Total	48,880,166,157	28,143,266,683	43,900,039,138	33,123,393,702

b) Receivables from the government

Land tax and land rent			-
Fees, charges, and other dues	927,443		927,443
	-	-	-
Total	927,443	-	927,443

The company's tax settlement will be subject to inspection by the tax authorities. Due to the application of the Law and various tax regulations, which can be interpreted in different ways for various transactions, the tax amount presented in the Financial Statements may be altered according to the decision of the tax authorities.

17. Short-term payables

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
Prepaid construction costs	27,125,272,961	37,637,370,640
Total	27,125,272,961	37,637,370,640

18. Other payables

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
<i>a) Short-term</i>		
Advances	-	-
Union fees	672,261,077	641,479,064
Social insurance	11,681,822,514	11,822,722,449
Health insurance	109,097,233	55,698,712
Unemployment insurance	103,601,870	26,113,740
Other liabilities and dues	18,997,512,633	20,148,745,009
+ Dividends payable	2,250,852,576	2,250,852,576
+ Vietcombank -Hai Phong Branch (UPAS LC)	367,672,303	367,672,303
+ Techcombank - Hai Phong Branch (UPAS LC)	1,732,086,639	1,732,086,639
+ Phải trả khác	14,646,901,115	15,798,133,491
Total	31,564,295,327	32,694,758,974

b) Long-term

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
+ Mr. Nguyen Van Nghia	79,358,968,505	100,858,968,505
Total	79,358,968,505	100,858,968,505

19. Loans and financial lease debt

	Value	30/06/2025 Debt repayment capacity	Increase	Trong kỳ Decrease	Value	01/01/2025 Debt repayment capacity
a) Short - term	1,179,306,268,906	1,179,306,268,906	1,128,796,848,528	1,131,618,991,341	1,187,351,166,697	1,187,351,166,697
- Short-term borrowings (1)	1,133,158,095,004	1,133,158,095,004	1,128,796,848,528	1,131,618,991,341	1,135,980,237,817	1,135,980,237,817
- Current maturities of long-term debt	10,501,066,636.00	10,501,066,636.00			12,494,437,467	12,494,437,467
- Current maturities of finance lease obligations (3)	35,647,107,266.00	35,647,107,266.00			38,876,491,413	38,876,491,413
b) Long - term	188,238,610,382	188,238,610,382	0	0	199,804,341,925	199,804,341,925
- Long-term	35,847,430,534	35,847,430,534			39,152,699,707	39,152,699,707
- Long-term finance lease obligations (3)	152,391,179,848	152,391,179,848			160,651,642,218	160,651,642,218

(1) Details of short-term borrowings are as follows:

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
- ABBank - Hai Phong Branch	60,988,095,659	151,517,310,205
- VietinBank - Do Son Branch	328,756,511,680	314,099,240,303
- HDBank - Hai Phong Branch	270,229,172,096	285,660,182,691
- MB Bank - South Hai Phong Branch	198,903,193,307	147,364,520,884
- Vietcombank - South Hai Phong Branch	109,071,709,808	113,637,852,586
- TPBank	19,996,865,619	29,077,418,070
- Techcombank - Hai Phong Branch	45,112,546,835	94,523,713,078
- Ngân hàng TNHH MTV WOORI Việt Nam - CN Vĩnh Phúc	100,000,000,000	
- Other entities	100,000,000	100,000,000
Total	1,133,158,095,004	1,135,980,237,817

Short-term borrowings from banks are based on credit limit agreements, with the purpose of supplementing working capital, payment guarantees, and opening Letters of Credit (L/C). Collateral assets are specifically stipulated in the credit limit agreements. Loan terms and interest rates are defined for each disbursement.

(2) Details of long-term borrowings are as follows:

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
- ABBank - Hai Phong Branch	468,426,636	750,746,640
- HDBank - Hai Phong Branch	41,881,341,610	46,291,361,610
- Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank (Vietnam)	3,198,728,924	3,805,028,924
- Other entities	800,000,000	800,000,000
Total	46,348,497,170	51,647,137,174
In which: - Payables due within 12 months	10,501,066,636	12,494,437,467
- Payables due after 12 months	35,847,430,534	39,152,699,707

(3) Details of finance lease liabilities are as follows:

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
- Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade Financial Leasing Company Limited (VietinBank Leasing)	51,333,569,109	63,163,533,497
- Vietnam International Leasing Company Limited	59,552,439,082	68,069,837,654
- Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade Financial Leasing One-Member Limited Liability Company (Vietcombank Leasing)	77,152,278,923	68,294,762,480
Total	188,038,287,114	199,528,133,631
In which: - Payables due within 12 months	35,647,107,266	38,876,491,413
- Payables due after 12 months	152,391,179,848	160,651,642,218

Long-term finance lease liabilities as of December 31, 2024, were obtained for the purpose of enhancing production and business capacity. The interest rates and loan terms are specified in individual contracts.

20. Owner's equity

a) Statement of Changes in Equity

Items	Owner's Contributed Capital	Share Capital Surplus	Undistributed After- Tax Profit and Funds	Total
Ending balance of the previous year	600,000,000,000	(3,255,000,000)	209,841,738,018	806,586,738,018
Increase in equity during the period	-	-	28,559,592,007	28,559,592,007
- Issuance of additional shares	-	-	-	-
- Profit for the year	-	-	28,559,592,007	28,559,592,007
- Increase in reserves due to profit distribution	-	-	-	-
Decrease in equity during the period	-	-	260,052,510	260,052,510
- Profit distribution (1)	-	-	260,052,510	260,052,510
- Other decreases	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	600,000,000,000	(3,255,000,000)	238,141,277,515	834,886,277,515

b) Details of Owners' Equity Contributions

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
- Nguyễn Văn Thọ	114,546,140,000	114,546,140,000
- Nguyễn Văn Nghĩa	103,920,000,000	103,920,000,000
- Sankyu .Inc	210,300,000,000	210,300,000,000
- Capital contributed by other shareholders	171,233,860,000	171,233,860,000
Total	600,000,000,000	600,000,000,000

c) Capital transactions with owners and dividend distribution

	This period	Previos period
† Owners' equity contributions		
- Contributed capital at the beginning of the period	600,000,000,000	600,000,000,000
- Capital contributions increased during the period		
- Capital contributions decreased during the period	-	-
- Contributed capital at the end of the period	600,000,000,000	600,000,000,000
† Dividends and profits distributed		

d) Shares

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
Number of shares registered for issuance	60,000,000	60,000,000
Number of shares issued to the public	60,000,000	60,000,000
- Common shares	60,000,000	60,000,000
Number of shares repurchased	-	-
Number of shares outstanding	60,000,000	60,000,000
- Common shares	60,000,000	60,000,000
Par value of outstanding shares: 10,000 VND per share		

VI. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN INCOME STATEMENT

	Unit: VND	
	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
01. Revenues from sales of goods and rendering of services		
Revenue from materials disposal and other activities	494,570,506,413	270,155,028,536
Revenue from manufacturing and installation	566,307,981,625	489,635,241,300
Cộng	1,060,878,488,038	759,790,269,836
02. Cost of goods sold	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
Cost of materials disposal and other activities	481,191,240,564	265,703,419,534
Cost of manufacturing and installation	502,664,463,184	381,501,453,550
Total	983,855,703,748	647,204,873,084
03. Financial income	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
Interest from deposits and loans	1,021,287,986	1,376,795,849
Exchange rate gain	3,767,178,357	2,269,092,201
Total	4,788,466,343	3,645,888,050
04. Financial expenses	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
Interest from deposits and loans	21,854,637,933	27,676,196,877
Exchange rate gain	414,981,998	2,424,693,293
Total	22,269,619,931	30,100,890,170
05. Administrative expenses	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
a) Cost of sales	6,617,778,787	9,026,984,661
Brokerage commission costs		
Other selling expenses	6,617,778,787	9,026,984,661
b) Administrative expenses		
Staff costs for management	12,618,776,269	14,179,182,393
Other administrative expenses	10,329,227,972	7,306,485,527
Total	29,565,783,028	21,485,667,920
06. Other income	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
Income from asset disposal	11,000,592,002	11,883,780,000
Other income	8,711,638,250	1,648,808,632
Total	19,712,230,252	13,532,588,632
07. Chi phí khác	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
Late payment interest on taxes and insurance	821,934	314,232,181
Chi phí từ thanh lý tài sản	11,018,445,115	10,568,112,567
Other expenses	10,483,539,758	8,279,284,245
Total	21,502,806,807	19,161,628,993
08. Current corporate income tax expense	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
a) Accounting profit before tax	28,185,271,119	49,988,701,690
b) Adjustments increasing taxable profit	110,704,846	613,712,120
<i>Add-back adjustments (non-deductible expenses)</i>	<i>110,704,846</i>	<i>613,712,120</i>
c) Adjustments decreasing taxable profit	-	
<i>Deduction adjustments (dividends and profit sharing)</i>		
d) Taxable profit	28,295,975,965	50,602,413,810
e) Corporate Income Tax		

<i>e1. Corporate income tax is subject to a tax rate of 20% (d x 20%)</i>	5,659,195,193	10,120,482,762
<i>e2. Additional corporate income tax payable according to Decree 132/2020/ND-CP</i>		2,978,718,573
<i>e3. Additional corporate income tax payable according to tax audit B</i>		8,210,890,227
- Corporate income tax (CIT)	5,659,195,193	21,310,091,562

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

1. Non-cash transactions affecting future cash flows in the Statement of Cash Flows

Unit: VND

Second quarter of
2025

Contribution of capital to the joint venture company Amecc - Myanmar Shipyards through
Dividends declared during the period according to the Resolution but not yet paid in practice

VIII. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Commitments

According to Resolution No. 01/NQ/2017/DHCD-AMECC dated April 2, 2017, of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the shareholders approved the plan and proposal for overseas investment in Myanmar through capital contribution to the joint venture company Amecc - Myanmar Shipyards, with a total investment amount of USD 42.073 million, which has now been temporarily adjusted to USD 26.31 million as per Document No. 50BS/PABS-AMECC dated March 25, 2019, from the General Director to the Board of Directors. Currently, this investment plan is still in progress, and the company is completing procedures to obtain the overseas investment certificate from the competent authorities

2 Information on Related Parties

List of Related Parties:

Related Party	Relationship
- Amecc Trading Joint Stock Company	Associates
- Amecc Myanmar Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries
- Amecc GT Joint Stock Company	Associates
- Global Module Joint Stock Company	Công ty liên doanh

During the year, the Company engaged in the following significant transactions with related parties:

Sales	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
- Amecc Trading Joint Stock Company	8,746,360,340	36,654,308,429
- Amecc GT Joint Stock Company	1,364,627,118	
- Global Module Joint Stock Company		
Purchase	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
- Amecc Trading Joint Stock Company	42,166,915,413	60,477,992,831
- Amecc GT Joint Stock Company	33,492,802,629	
- Global Module Joint Stock Company	16,089,223,166	
Cổ tức, lợi nhuận được chia	Second quarter of 2025	Second quarter of 2024
- Amecc Trading Joint Stock Company	-	-
- Global Module Joint Stock Company	-	-

4. Segment Reporting

a) According to business field

	Manufacturing and installation activities	Other activities	Total
- Revenues from sales of goods and rendering of	566,307,981,625	494,570,506,413	1,060,878,488,038
- Cost of goods sold	502,664,463,184	481,191,240,564	983,855,703,748
- Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering	63,643,518,441	13,379,265,849	77,022,784,290
- Segment assets	1,775,545,926,619	352,105,812,661	2,127,651,739,280
- Unallocated assets			1,006,963,493,098
Total assets	-	-	3,134,615,232,378
- Segment liabilities	2,109,867,069,315	28,452,328,037	2,138,319,397,352
- Unallocated liabilities			161,409,557,511
Total liabilities	-	-	2,299,728,954,863

b) According to geographical field

The Company's main activities are manufacturing, installation, and trading in geographical areas with no significant differences in operating conditions. Therefore, no segment reporting by geographical areas is presented.

5. Comparative information

The comparative figures and the opening balance are based on the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, audited by AASC Auditing Firm Company Limited, and the Company's financial statements for the second quarter of 2024.

Hải phòng, July 25th 2025

Prepared by



Vũ Thị Phương Hảo

Chief Accountant



Nguyễn Hữu Phong

General Director



Nguyễn Văn Thọ