

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022
TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY



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TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

REPORT OF THE GENERAL DIRECTOR

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The General Director of Top One Allot Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") has the honor of submitting this Report together with the Company's audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended December 31, 2022.

1. General information about the Company

Establishment

Top One Allot Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was established under Business Registration Certificate No. 0106121967 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City on March 11, 2013, and amended for the 16th time on September 23, 2025, by the Enterprise and Business Registration Office, Department of Finance of Tuyen Quang Province.

Form of ownership

Joint Stock Company

The Company's business activities:

Wholesale of miscellaneous goods

Details: Wholesale of a wide variety of goods, not specializing in any particular type of product.

English name: TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

In short: TOP ONE., JSC

Stock code: TOP (UPCOM)

Head office: Group 1, Viet Lam Town, Vi Xuyen District, Ha Giang Province, Vietnam.
Now Village 19, Vi Xuyen Commune, Tuyen Quang Province, Vietnam.

2. Financial position and results of its operation

The Company's financial position and results of its operation for the year are presented in the accompanying Financial Statements.

3. Members of the Board of Directors, Director and Chief Accountant

Members of the Board of Directors, Director and Chief Accountant of the Company during the year and at the reporting date include:

Board of Directors

Mr.	Nguyen Ngoc Duong	Chairman	(Appointed effective from 20 June 2024)
Mr.	Nguyen Van Binh	Chairman	(Appointed effective from 9 May 2023; Resigned effective from 20 June 2024)
Mr.	Nguyen Ngoc Duong	Chairman	(Appointed effective from 4 January 2023; Resigned effective from 9 May 2023)
Mr.	Vu Dinh Phuc	Chairman	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 4 January 2023)
Mr.	Nguyen Huu Kha	Chairman	(Resigned effective from 28 August 2022)
Mr.	Nguyen Van Binh	Member	(Appointed effective from 20 June 2024)
Mr.	Tran Anh Tuan	Member	(Appointed effective from 16 April 2023)
Mr.	Chu Xuan Lai	Member	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 16 April 2023)

TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

REPORT OF THE GENERAL DIRECTOR

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

3. Members of the Board of Directors, Director and Chief Accountant (continued)

Mr.	Ngo Van Hanh	Member	(Appointed effective from 16 April 2023; Resigned effective from 8 October 2023)
Mr.	Nguyen Ngoc Duong	Member	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 20 June 2024)
Mr.	Dang Duc Loi	Member	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 8 October 2023)
Mr.	Do Xuan Long	Member	(Resigned effective from 28 August 2022)
Mr.	Nguyen The Trinh	Member	(Resigned effective from 28 August 2022)
Mr.	Vu Van Thuan	Independent Member	(Appointed effective from 13 October 2024)
Mr.	Nguyen Binh Minh	Independent Member	(Appointed effective from 8 October 2023; Resigned effective from 13 October 2024)
Mr.	Tran Anh Tuan	Independent Member	(Appointed effective from 16 April 2023; Resigned effective from 8 October 2023)
Mr.	Luu Quang Hung	Independent Member	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 16 April 2023)

Board of Supervisors

Mr.	Pham Ba Truong	Head of Board of Supervisors	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 8 October 2023)
Mr.	Vu Khac Thu	Member	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 8 October 2023)
Ms.	Tran Thi Tam	Member	(Appointed effective from 28 August 2022; Resigned effective from 8 October 2023)
Mr.	Vu Van Hung	Head of Board of Supervisors	(Resigned effective from 28 August 2022)
Ms.	Nguyen Thi Nhi Huong	Member	(Resigned effective from 28 August 2022)
Mr.	Pham Cao Cuong	Member	(Resigned effective from 28 August 2022)

Audit Committee

Mr.	Vu Van Thuan	Chairman	(Appointed effective from 19 November 2024)
Mr.	Nguyen Ngoc Duong	Member	(Appointed effective from 16 October 2023)
Mr.	Nguyen Binh Minh	Chairman	(Appointed effective from 16 October 2023; Resigned effective from 13 October 2024)

General Director and Chief Accountant

Mr.	Nguyen Van Binh	General Director	(Appointed effective from 20 June 2024)
Mr.	Tran Anh Tuan	General Director	(Appointed effective from 24 May 2023; Resigned effective from 20 June 2024)
Mr.	Dang Duc Loi	Director	(Appointed effective from 6 September 2022; Resigned effective from 24 May 2023)

TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

REPORT OF THE GENERAL DIRECTOR

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

3. Members of the Board of Directors, Director and Chief Accountant (continued)

General Director and Chief Accountant (continued)

Mr.	Do Thanh Tung	Director	<i>(Resigned effective from 6 September 2022)</i>
Ms.	Dinh Thi Minh Thuan	Chief Accountant	<i>(Appointed effective from 19 September 2024)</i>
Ms.	Truong Thi Thanh	Chief Accountant	<i>(Appointed effective from 7 August 2024; Resigned effective from 19 September 2024)</i>
Ms.	Tong Thi Lu	Chief Accountant	<i>(Appointed effective from 1 February 2024; Resigned effective from 7 August 2024)</i>
Ms.	Truong Thi Thanh	Chief Accountant	<i>(Appointed effective from 28 October 2022; Resigned effective from 1 February 2024)</i>
Mr.	Bui Quoc Tuan	Chief Accountant	<i>(Appointed effective from 31 August 2022; Resigned effective from 28 October 2022)</i>
Ms.	Do Thi Thanh Xuan	Chief Accountant	<i>(Resigned effective from 28 August 2022)</i>

The legal representative of the Company during the year and to the date of the Financial Statements is as follows:

Mr.	Nguyen Van Binh	General Director	<i>(From 3 July 2024 to present)</i>
Mr.	Nguyen Ngoc Duong	Chairman	<i>(From 3 July 2024 to present)</i>
Mr.	Nguyen Van Binh	Chairman	<i>(From 24 May 2023 to 3 July 2024)</i>
Mr.	Dang Duc Loi	Director	<i>(From 6 September 2022 to 24 May 2023)</i>
Mr.	Do Thanh Tung	Director	<i>(From 12 July 2021 to 6 September 2022)</i>

4. Independent Auditor

Branch of MOORE AISG Auditing and Informatics Services Company Limited has been appointed as an independent auditor for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

5. Commitment of the General Director

The General Director is responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022, its results of operation and cash flows for the financial year then ended. In order to prepare these Financial Statements, the General Director has considered and complied with the following matters:

- Selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- Made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Prepared the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The General Director is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept and maintained which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and that the Financial Statements are prepared in compliance with the accounting regime stated in Notes to the Financial Statements. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the Company's assets, and hence taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds and other irregularities.

TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

REPORT OF THE GENERAL DIRECTOR

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

6. Confirmation

The General Director, in their opinion, confirmed that Financial Statements including the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022, Income Statement, Cash Flow Statement, and accompanying Notes, which expressed a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as well as its operating results and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

The Company's Financial Statements are prepared in compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System.



Nguyen Van Binh

General Director

Tuyen Quang, 27 January 2026



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**To: BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND GENERAL DIRECTOR
TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY**

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of Top One Allot Joint Stock Company ("hereinafter referred to as "the Company") as prepared on January 2026, from page 08 to page 29, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022, Income Statement, Cash Flow Statement for the financial year then ended and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Responsibility of the General Director

The Company's General Director is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and prevailing regulations applicable to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements and also for the internal control which the Board of Management considers necessary for the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibility of the Auditor

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Financial Statements based on the results of our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. However, due to the matter described in the section "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion", we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

As at 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022, the Company had investments in Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company in the amount of VND 122,879,624,000, Ha Giang 1 Breed Joint Stock Company in the amount of VND 17,280,000,000, and Ha Giang 2 Breed Joint Stock Company in the amount of VND 17,280,000,000. However, we were not provided with sufficient documentation to verify the existence, completeness, rights and obligations, or the fair value of these investments, and furthermore, these investments are subject to litigation initiated by a group of the Company's shareholders in relation to alleged "fraudulent appropriation of assets" by the former management (as detailed in Note 1, Section VIII – Other information), which has completed the investigation phase and is being prepared for trial as at the reporting date; although we performed alternative audit procedures, such procedures did not provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence for us to form an opinion on these investments, and therefore we do not have a sufficient basis to express an opinion on these investments in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

As we were appointed after the end of the financial year, we were unable to attend the cash count as at December 31, 2022, which had a balance of VND 152,616,291. We were unable to perform alternative audit procedures, and therefore we were unable to determine the existence of the aforementioned cash balance.

As at December 31, 2022, we did not obtain bank confirmation for the bank deposit balance amounting to VND 14,022,572. We were unable to perform alternative audit procedures, and therefore we were unable to determine whether any adjustments were to the above balance and the related items in the financial statements for the year then ended.

As at 31 December 2022, the Company had a loan receivable from Ms. Le Thi Phuong with an outstanding balance of VND 3,400,000,000, which is presented under code 215 of the Balance Sheet. We were unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the transfer of funds relating to the above-mentioned loan receivable; therefore, we could not confirm the existence of this loan receivable as at the date of the Financial Statements.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion (continued)

We were not provided with documentation relating to the following items: Other short-term receivables (Code 136), Short-term prepaid expenses (Code 151), Deductible value-added tax (Code 152), Taxes and other receivables from the State budget (Code 153), Intangible fixed assets (Code 227), Taxes and other payables to the State budget (Code 313), Short-term accrued expenses (Code 315) on the Balance Sheet; and General administrative expenses (Code 26), Other expenses (Code 32) on the Income Statement. Consequently, we were unable to perform the necessary audit procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to assess these items and their potential impact, if any, on other line items in the Financial Statements.

As described in the Event relating to the warehouse fire incident, Note VIII.1 - Other financial information, on March 31, 2022, a fire occurred at the entire warehouse area storing records of Top One Distribution Joint Stock Company, resulting in the complete destruction of 2 wooden filing cabinets and a long wooden cabinet, causing all records and documents inside the cabinets to be burned. The electrical wiring system and an air conditioner cooling unit were also damaged, and the ceiling and walls were punctured and blackened by smoke. This incident has had a material impact on the Company's business operations. The auditor is unable to assess the impact of the aforementioned event on the preparation and presentation of the 2022 Financial Statements.

We were unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence in relation to the opening balances presented in the Balance Sheet as at the beginning of the financial period. Accordingly, we could not determine the existence, completeness, rights and obligations, as well as the classification and presentation of these balances. We were unable to determine the possible effects of this matter on the Financial Statements.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matters described in the section "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion", we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion. Hence, we do not express an opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

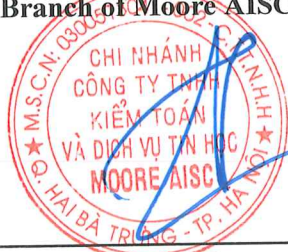
Other Matter

The Financial Statements of Top One Allot Joint Stock Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 were audited by the auditor and TTP Audit Company Limited. The auditor expressed a disclaimer of opinion on the financial statements on 18 January 2022 due to the lack of a basis for determining fair values and the absence of supporting documentation relating to the investments in Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company, Ha Giang 1 Breed Joint Stock Company, and Ha Giang 2 Breed Joint Stock Company.

The Independent Auditor's Report is prepared in Vietnamese and English. In the event of any discrepancies or inconsistencies between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall prevail.

Hanoi, 27 January 2026

Branch of Moore AISC Auditing and Informatics Services Company Limited



Nguyen Thanh Tung

Deputy Director

*Audit Practising Registration Certificate No.
4981-2024-005-1*

Issued by Vietnam's Ministry of Finance

Phan Cong Van

Auditor

*Audit Practising Registration Certificate No.
5298-2026-005-1*

Issued by Vietnam's Ministry of Finance

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2022

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Code	Notes	31/12/2022	01/01/2022
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		215,805,187	4,331,666,415
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.01	166,638,863	4,269,280,075
1. Cash	111		166,638,863	4,269,280,075
II. Short-term receivables	130		14,531,507	44,000,000
1. Short-term prepayments to suppliers	132	V.03	-	44,000,000
2. Other short-term receivables	136	V.05	14,531,507	-
III. Other current assets	150		34,634,817	18,386,340
1. Short-term prepaid expenses	151	V.08	8,792,799	526,500
2. Deductible VAT (Value Added Tax)	152		7,982,178	-
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State budget	153	V.09	17,859,840	17,859,840
B. LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		162,517,166,502	159,369,741,975
I. Long-term receivables	210		3,400,000,000	-
1. Long-term loan receivables	215	V.04	3,400,000,000	-
II. Fixed assets	220		1,677,542,502	1,926,572,142
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.06	375,000,000	562,500,000
- Cost	222		1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(1,125,000,000)	(937,500,000)
2. Intangible fixed assets	227	V.07	1,302,542,502	1,364,072,142
- Cost	228		1,661,300,000	1,661,300,000
- Accumulated amortization	229		(358,757,498)	(297,227,858)
III. Long-term financial investments	250	V.02	157,439,624,000	157,439,624,000
1. Investments in joint ventures, associates	252		157,439,624,000	157,439,624,000
IV. Other long-term assets	260		-	3,545,833
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.08	-	3,545,833
TOTAL ASSETS	270		162,732,971,689	163,701,408,390

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2022

Unit: VND

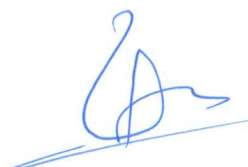
RESOURCES	Code	Notes	31/12/2022	01/01/2022
C. LIABILITIES	300		30,000,000	410,685,512
I. Current liabilities	310		30,000,000	410,685,512
1. Taxes and payables to the State	313	V.09	-	330,685,512
2. Short-term accrued expenses	315	V.10	30,000,000	80,000,000
D. OWNERS' EQUITY	400		162,702,971,689	163,290,722,878
I. Owners' equity	410	V.11	162,702,971,689	163,290,722,878
1. Owners' contributed capital	411		253,500,000,000	253,500,000,000
<i>Common shares with voting rights</i>	411a		253,500,000,000	253,500,000,000
2. Undistributed profit after tax	421		(90,797,028,311)	(90,209,277,122)
<i>Undistributed profits after tax of previous year</i>	421a		(90,209,277,122)	(1,472,126,446)
<i>Undistributes profits after tax of current year</i>	421b		(587,751,189)	(88,737,150,676)
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		162,732,971,689	163,701,408,390



Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Preparer

Tuyen Quang, 27 January 2026



Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Chief Accountant



Nguyen Van Binh

General Director

INCOME STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	Year 2022	Year 2021
1. Revenue from goods sold and services rendered	01	VI.1	-	6,467,798,546
2. Revenue deductions	02		-	-
3. Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered	10		-	6,467,798,546
4. Cost of goods sold	11	VI.2	-	6,118,097,292
5. Gross profit from goods sold and services rendered (20 = 10 - 11)	20		-	349,701,254
6. Financial income	21	VI.3	15,988,686	320,582,601
7. Financial expenses	22		-	-
<i>In which: Interest expense</i>	23		-	-
8. Selling expenses	25	VI.4	-	486,346,336
9. General and administrative expenses	26	VI.4	459,908,949	992,789,867
10. Net profit from operating activities (30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))	30		(443,920,263)	(808,852,348)
11. Other income	31	VI.5	-	29,144,994
12. Other expenses	32	VI.6	143,830,926	553,286
13. Other profit (40 = 31 - 32)	40		(143,830,926)	28,591,708
14. Total accounting profit before tax (50 = 40 + 30)	50		(587,751,189)	(780,260,640)
15. Current Corporate income tax expense	51	VI.7	-	-
16. Profit after Corporate income tax (60 = 50 - 51 - 52)	60		(587,751,189)	(780,260,640)
17. Basic earning per share	70	VI.8	(23)	(31)

Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Preparer

Tuyen Quang, 27 January 2026

Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Chief Accountant

Nguyen Van Binh

General Director



CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(The indirect method)

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	Year 2022	Year 2021
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
1. Profit before tax	01		(587,751,189)	(780,260,640)
2. Adjustments for:				
- Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	02	V.06	249,029,640	253,020,797
- Gains/losses from investing activities	05		(14,531,507)	(320,582,601)
3. Profit from operating activities before changes in working capital	08		(353,253,056)	(847,822,444)
- Increase/Decrease in receivables	09		36,017,822	935,202,748
- Increase/Decrease in payables (Other than interest payables, corporate income tax payable)	11		(380,685,512)	(5,808,129,488)
- Increase/Decrease in prepaid expenses	12		(4,720,466)	110,559,997
Net cash flows from operating activities	20		(702,641,212)	(5,610,189,187)
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
1. Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments of other entities	23		(3,400,000,000)	(18,000,000,000)
2. Collection of loans, proceeds from sales of debt instruments of other entities	24		-	25,450,000,000
3. Interest, dividends and profits received	27		-	320,582,601
Net cash flows from investing activities	30		(3,400,000,000)	7,770,582,601
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net cash flows from financing activities	40		-	-
Net cash flows during the year (50 = 20+ 30 + 40)	50		(4,102,641,212)	2,160,393,414
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60		4,269,280,075	2,108,886,661
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	61		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (70 = 50+60+61)	70	V.1	166,638,863	4,269,280,075


 Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Preparer

Tuyen Quang, 27 January 2026


 Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Chief Accountant



 Nguyen Van Binh

General Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the financial year ended 31/12/2022**Unit: VND***I. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS****1. Establishment**

Top One Allot Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was established under Business Registration Certificate No. 0106121967 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City on March 11, 2013, and amended for the 16th time on September 23, 2025, by the Enterprise and Business Registration Office, Department of Finance of Tuyen Quang Province.

Form of ownership

Joint Stock Company

English name: TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

In short: TOP ONE., JSC

Mã chứng khoán: TOP (UPCOM)

Head office: Group 1, Viet Lam Town, Vi Xuyen District, Ha Giang Province, Vietnam.
Now Village 19, Vi Xuyen Commune, Tuyen Quang Province, Vietnam.

2. Business sector

Wholesale of miscellaneous goods

Details: Wholesale of a wide variety of goods, not specializing in any particular type of product.

3. Normal operating cycle

Normal operating cycle of the Company lasts 12 months of the normal financial year beginning on 01 January and ending on 31 December annually.

4. Characteristics of the Company's operations during the financial year affecting the financial statements

None.

5. Disclosure of comparability of information in the Financial Statements

The selection of figures and information needs to be presented in the Financial Statements based on the principles of comparability among corresponding accounting periods.

II. FINANCIAL YEAR AND REPORTING CURRENCY**1. Financial year**

The financial year of the Company begins on 01 January and ends on 31 December annually.

2. Accounting currency

Vietnamese Dong (VND) is used as a currency unit for accounting records.

III. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM**1. Applicable Accounting Regime**

The Company applies the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance and Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated 21 March 2016 amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the financial year ended 31/12/2022**Unit: VND***2. Disclosure of compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and system**

We conducted our accounting, preparation, and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System and other relevant statutory regulations. The Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the results of its operations as well as its cash flows.

The selection of figures and information presented in the notes to the Financial Statements complies with the material principles in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 21 - "Presentation of the financial statements".

IV. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES**1. Principles for recording cash and cash equivalents**

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits at banks, and cash in transit.

2. Principles for accounting financial investments**Principle for Accounting Loans**

Loans are agreements, contracts, or loan arrangements between two parties for the purpose of earning periodic interest and are recorded at their original cost, net of any provision for doubtful debts. The provision for doubtful debts for loans is established based on the estimated loss for amounts that are overdue or not yet overdue but may become uncollectible due to the borrower's inability to repay.

Principle for Recording Financial Investments in Associates

An investment in an associate is recognised when the Company holds from 20% to less than 50% of the voting rights of the investee and has significant influence over the financial and operating policy decisions of such investee.

Investments in associates are initially recognised at cost and are not subsequently adjusted for changes in the investor's ownership interest in the net assets of the investee. Cost comprises the purchase price and directly attributable costs of the investment. Where an investment is made through the contribution of non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recognised at the fair value of the non-monetary assets at the transaction date.

A provision for impairment of investments in associates is recognised when the investee incurs losses resulting in a potential loss of the Company's invested capital, or when the value of the investments in associates is impaired. The basis for determining such impairment provision is the consolidated financial statements of the investee (where the investee is a parent company) or the separate financial statements of the investee (where the investee is an independent entity without subsidiaries).

3. Principles for Recording Trade Receivables and Other Receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are recorded at their original cost, net of provisions for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables as trade receivables, internal receivables, or other receivables is based on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the Company and the debtor.

Provisioning Method for Doubtful Debts: Provisions for doubtful debts are estimated for the portion of receivables and held-to-maturity investments that are deemed irrecoverable. These include overdue receivables, as well as those not yet overdue but considered uncollectible due to the debtor's insolvency, bankruptcy, dissolution, disappearance, or absconding.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

4. Principles for recording and depreciating fixed assets**Principles for recording intangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are recognized at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost comprises all expenditures that the enterprise incurs to acquire the fixed asset up to the point at which the asset is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating as intended. Subsequent expenditures are capitalized only when it is certain that they will result in an increase in future economic benefits from the use of the asset. Expenditures that do not meet the above criteria are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When a fixed asset is sold or disposed of, its cost and accumulated depreciation are derecognized, and any resulting gain or loss arising from the disposal is recognized in income or expenses of the period.

Purchases of tangible fixed assets

The cost of fixed assets comprises the purchase price (net of trade discounts or rebates), taxes (excluding recoverable taxes), and directly attributable costs incurred to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating as intended, such as installation costs, trial run costs, professional fees, and other directly attributable costs.

Principles for recording intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at the original cost less accumulated depreciation. The original cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises all costs incurred by the enterprise to acquire that asset from the date of its operation as expected.

Intangible fixed assets – Land use right

The initial cost of intangible fixed assets in the form of land use rights includes the payment made for the lawful transfer of land use rights from others, compensation costs, site clearance costs, land leveling costs, registration fees, or the value of land use rights contributed as joint venture capital.

Method of depreciating fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated on straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful life means the duration in which the tangible fixed assets produce their effect on production and business.

Estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Transportation and transmission equipment 08 years

Land use rights with a definite term are amortised over the term stated in the land use right certificate.

5. Principles for recording prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the Company include actual expenses incurred that relate to the operating results of multiple accounting periods. These expenses include insurance costs (fire insurance, vehicle insurance, property insurance, etc.), tools and equipment, fixed asset repair costs, prepaid land lease payments, business advantages, and goodwill.

Prepaid Expense Allocation Method: Prepaid expenses are allocated to operating costs on a straight-line basis. The allocation period depends on the nature and extent of each expense category as follows: short-term prepaid expenses are allocated within 12 months, while long-term prepaid expenses are allocated over a period ranging from more than 12 months up to 36 months. Prepaid land lease payments are allocated on a straight-line basis corresponding to the lease period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the financial year ended 31/12/2022**Unit: VND***6. Principles for recording liabilities**

Liabilities are recorded at the original cost and not lower than the payment obligation.

The Company classifies liabilities into accounts payable to suppliers, internal payables, and other payables, depending on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the Company and the creditor.

Liabilities are tracked in detail based on their due dates, creditors, currency type (including revaluation of liabilities that qualify as monetary items denominated in foreign currencies), and other factors as required for the Company's management.

At the time of financial statement preparation, the Company recognizes a liability immediately when there is sufficient evidence indicating a probable loss, in accordance with the prudence principle.

7. Principles for recording payables to employees, salary policies, and compulsory insurance

Salaries are calculated and accrued as expenses during the period based on labor contracts and the Company's salary regulations. Accordingly, social insurance, health insurance, and unemployment insurance are also accrued at rates of 25.5%, 4.5%, and 2% of employees' salaries, respectively. The Company recognizes an expense for social insurance, health insurance, and unemployment insurance at 21.5% of salaries, while 10.5% is withheld from employees' salaries. Salaries paid to employees are stipulated in labor contracts.

8. Principles for recording accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include costs associated with production and business suspension, interest expenses, provisions for cost of goods sold and finished real estate products, and accrued annual leave pay, which have been incurred during the reporting period but not yet settled. These expenses are recorded based on reasonable estimates of the amounts payable pursuant to specific contracts and agreements.

9. Principles of recording owner's equity**Principles for recording owner's contributed capital**

Owner's contributed capital is sourced from capital contributions by members or supplemented from post-tax profits of business activities. It is recorded based on the actual capital contributed by owners in cash or assets at the time of establishment or when additional capital is raised to expand the Company's operations.

Principles for recording undistributed profit

Undistributed profit after tax is recorded at the profit (loss) from the Company's result of operation after deducting the current corporate income tax expense and the adjusted items due to the retroactive application of changes in accounting policy and adjustments for material misstatement of the previous years.

The distribution of profits is based on the Company's charter and approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

10. Principles and methods for recording revenue and other income**Principles and methods for recording revenue from goods sold**

Sales revenue is recognized when all of the following five conditions are met: 1. The enterprise has transferred the majority of risks and rewards associated with ownership of the goods or products to the buyer. 2. The enterprise no longer retains control over the goods as an owner or has lost the right to manage the goods. 3. Revenue can be reliably measured. If the contract allows the buyer to return the purchased goods under specific conditions, the enterprise can only recognize revenue once those conditions no longer exist, and the buyer no longer has the right to return the goods (except for exchanges of goods or services). 4. The enterprise has received or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction. 5. The costs associated with the sales transaction can be reliably measured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the financial year ended 31/12/2022**Unit: VND***10. Principles and methods for recording revenue and other income (continued)****Principles and methods of recording financial income**

Financial income includes income derived from interest, royalties, dividends, distributed profits, and other financial income of the Company, including income from trading of securities, disposal of investments in joint ventures, investments in associates and subsidiaries, other capital investments; foreign exchange gains; and gains from capital transfers.

Income arising from interest, royalties, dividends, and distributed profits is recognised when both of the following conditions are satisfied: (1) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and (2) the amount of income can be measured reliably.

- Interest income is recognised on a time basis using the effective interest rate applicable to each period.
- Royalties are recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the contractual terms.
- Dividends and distributed profits are recognised when the shareholder or capital-contributing parties obtain the right to receive such dividends or profits.

If a previously recorded revenue item becomes uncollectible or its recoverability is uncertain, it must be recognized as an expense in the period incurred rather than reducing revenue.

11. Principles and methods of recording cost of goods sold

The cost of goods sold (COGS) reflects the capitalized value of products, goods, services sold during the period; costs related to investment property business activities; and other expenses recognized as COGS or deducted from COGS in the reporting period. COGS is recorded at the time the transaction occurs or when it is reasonably certain that it will occur in the future, regardless of whether payment has been made. COGS and revenue are recognized simultaneously based on the matching principle. Any costs exceeding normal consumption levels are immediately recorded as COGS under the prudence principle.

12. Principles and methods for recording financial expenses

Financial expenses include expenses or losses related to financial investment activities, lending and borrowing costs, costs of investments in joint ventures and associates, losses from the disposal of short-term securities, securities transaction costs; provisions for decline in value of financial investments, losses arising from the sale of foreign currencies, foreign exchange losses, and other financial expenses.

Financial expenses are recognised in detail for each cost item when they are actually incurred during the period and can be measured reliably based on sufficient supporting evidence.

13. Principles and Methods of Recording Corporate Income Tax Expenses

Corporate income tax (CIT) expenses include current CIT expenses and deferred CIT expenses incurred during the year, serving as the basis for determining the company's post-tax business results for the current financial year.

Current CIT expenses refer to the amount of CIT payable, calculated based on taxable income for the year and the applicable CIT rate.

Taxes payable to the state budget are settled with the tax authorities. Any discrepancies between the tax payable per accounting records and the final tax inspection results will be adjusted upon official settlement with the tax authorities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the financial year ended 31/12/2022**Unit: VND***14. Principles and Methods of Recording Basic Earnings per Share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to holders of the Company's ordinary shares, after deducting the portion appropriated to the Reward and Welfare Fund during the period, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Deferred earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss after tax attributable to holders of the Company's ordinary shares (after adjustment for dividends on convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

15. Related Parties

Related parties include enterprises and individuals that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the company, key management personnel, including the Board of Directors, General Director, and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE BALANCE SHEET**1. Cash and cash equivalents**

	<u>31/12/2022</u>	<u>01/01/2022</u>
Cash		
Cash on hand	152,616,291	4,268,608,789
Non-term Bank Deposits	14,022,572	671,286
Total	<u><u>166,638,863</u></u>	<u><u>4,269,280,075</u></u>

TOP ONE ALLOT JOINT STOCK COMPANY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

2. Financial Investments

Trade securities

	31/12/2022			01/01/2022		
	Original Price	Fair Value (*)	Provision	Original Price	Fair Value (*)	Provision
Investment in joint ventures and associated companies	157,439,624,000		-	157,439,624,000		-
Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company	122,879,624,000		-	122,879,624,000		-
Ha Giang 1 Breed Joint Stock Company	17,280,000,000		-	17,280,000,000		-
Ha Giang 2 Breed Joint Stock Company	17,280,000,000		-	17,280,000,000		-
Total	157,439,624,000	-	-	157,439,624,000	-	-

(*) The Company has not determined the fair value of these financial investments because the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting Regime do not provide specific guidance on fair value measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

2. Financial Investments (continued)

2.1. Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company

Detailed information on the Company's investments in other entities as at 31 December 2022 is as follows:

Joint Ventures and Associated Companies name	Place of establishment and operation	Ownership interest	Voting rights	Main business activities
Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company	Group 1 – Viet Lam Town – Vi Xuyen District – Ha Giang Province	48.00%	48.00%	General wholesale trade (excluding sectors prohibited by the State) and food processing. At the date of the audit, the Company was no longer operating at the registered address.

(1) In 2018, the Company made an investment in Nam Ha Processing Vegetables and Herbs Joint Stock Company with a total investment value of VND 243,200,000,000, representing 95% of the charter capital of Nam Ha Processing Vegetables and Herbs Joint Stock Company. The investment was approved pursuant to the Resolutions of the 2018 and 2019 Annual General Meetings of Shareholders of the Company.

(2) In 2019, the Company implemented the investment restructuring plan approved at the First Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in 2019. Accordingly, the Company divested its entire capital contribution in Nam Ha Processing Vegetables and Herbs Joint Stock Company, and all proceeds from this divestment were used to acquire 95% of the shares of Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company.

(3) In 2020, the Company transferred 47% of the charter capital of Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company, equivalent to 1,128,000 shares, at a transfer price of VND 32,000 per share. After the transfer, the Company continued to hold 1,152,000 shares of Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company, representing 48% of its charter capital. The related financial gains/losses arising from this transaction were reflected in the 2020 financial statements.

(4) The Board of Directors of Top One Allot Joint Stock Company (represented by Mr. Nguyen Ngoc Duong – Chairman of the Board) filed a criminal complaint with the competent authorities on 4 February 2023, reporting certain individuals from the former Management Board for violations in the Company's management and operations prior to 28 August 2022, including matters related to some of the above-mentioned transactions (details are presented in Note VIII.1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

2. Financial Investments (continued)

2.2. Others Associated Companies

Joint Ventures and Associated Companies name	Place of establishment and operation	Ownership interest	Voting rights	Main business activities
Ha Giang 1 Breed Joint Stock Company	Nam Quang Hamlet, Quang Nam Commune, Vi Xuyen District, Ha Giang Province	48.00%	48.00%	Cultivation of spices, medicinal plants, and perennial aromatic plants, and livestock breeding. At the date of the audit, the Company was no longer operating at the registered address.
Ha Giang 2 Breed Joint Stock Company	Nam Quang Hamlet, Quang Nam Commune, Vi Xuyen District, Ha Giang Province	48.00%	48.00%	Cultivation of spices, medicinal plants, and perennial aromatic plants, and livestock breeding. At the date of the audit, the Company was no longer operating at the registered address.

The above-mentioned financial investments were approved by the Board of Directors under Resolution No. 1206/2020/TOP/NQ-BOD dated 12 June 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

3. Prepayments to suppliers

	31/12/2022		01/01/2022	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Short-term				
- TTP Audit Company Limited	-	-	44.000.000	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>44.000.000</u>	<u>-</u>

4. Loan receivables

	31/12/2022		01/01/2022	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Long-term				
- Ms. Le Thi Phuong (*)	3.400.000.000	-	-	-
Total	<u>3.400.000.000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

(*) Loan receivable from Ms. Le Thi Phuong under Loan Agreement No. 01/2022/HĐVV-TOP dated 15 December 2022, with a principal amount of VND 3,400,000,000. The loan is unsecured, bears an interest rate of 12% per annum, and has a term of 60 months, from 19 December 2022 to 19 December 2027.

5. Other receivables

	31/12/2022		01/01/2022	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Short-term				
Loan Interest Rate	14.531.507	-	-	-
Total	<u>14.531.507</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

6. Tangible Fixed Assets

	Transportation and transmission equipment	Total
Original cost		
Opening balance	1.500.000.000	1.500.000.000
Closing balance	<u>1.500.000.000</u>	<u>1.500.000.000</u>
Accumulated amortization		
Opening balance	937.500.000	937.500.000
- Depreciation for the Year	187.500.000	187.500.000
Closing balance	<u>1.125.000.000</u>	<u>1.125.000.000</u>
Remaining Value		
Opening balance	562.500.000	562.500.000
Closing balance	<u>375.000.000</u>	<u>375.000.000</u>

- Carrying amount at year end of tangible fixed assets pledged or mortgaged as collateral for borrowings: VND 0
- Cost at year end of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets that are still in use: VND 0

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

7. Intangible Fixed Assets

	Land use right (*)	Total
Original cost		
Opening balance	1.661.300.000	1.661.300.000
Closing balance	1.661.300.000	1.661.300.000
Accumulated amortization		
Opening balance	297.227.858	297.227.858
- Depreciation for the Year	61.529.640	61.529.640
Closing balance	358.757.498	358.757.498
Remaining Value		
Opening balance	1.364.072.142	1.364.072.142
Closing balance	1.302.542.502	1.302.542.502

(*) 1. Land Use Right Certificate No. CH 00097, issued by the People's Committee of Kim Boi District on 30 December 2011, and transferred to Top One Distribution Joint Stock Company under dossier No. 000933.CN.001 dated 02 March 2017.

+ Land area: 2,604 m²

+ Purpose of use: Production forest land

+ Land use term: Until 2044

+ Origin of land use: Allocated by the State without land use levy

(*) 2. Land Use Right Certificate No. CH 01140, issued by the People's Committee of Kim Boi District on 30 December 2011, and transferred to Top One Distribution Joint Stock Company under dossier No. 000933.CN.001 dated 02 March 2017.

+ Land area: 8,318 m²

+ Purpose of use: Production forest land

+ Land use term: Until 2044

+ Origin of land use: Allocated by the State without land use levy

8. Prepaid expenses

	31/12/2022	01/01/2022
a) Short-term		
Others	8.792.799	526.500
Total	8.792.799	526.500
b) Long-term		
Others	-	3.545.833
Total	-	3.545.833

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

9. Taxes and payables to the State

	01/01/2022	Amount payable during the year	Amount actually paid during the year	31/12/2022
a. Payables				
Value Added Tax	10,334,262	-	10,334,262	-
Other Taxes	320,351,250	-	320,351,250	-
Total	330,685,512	-	330,685,512	-
b. Receivables				
Corporate income tax	17,859,840	-	-	17,859,840
Total	17,859,840	-	-	17,859,840

The Company's tax finalization is subject to inspection by the tax authorities. Due to the fact that the application of tax laws and regulations to various types of transactions may be subject to different interpretations, the tax amounts presented in the Financial Statements may be adjusted in accordance with the decisions of the tax authorities.

Basis for determination of taxes, fees and charges payable:**Value Added Tax**

The Company applies the credit method for value-added tax (VAT). The applicable VAT rates are as follows:

	Tax rate
- VAT rate applicable to goods trading and service activities	8% and 10%

Corporate Income Tax

Income from activities subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 20%.

Other taxes

The Company declares and pays taxes in accordance with prevailing regulations.

10. Accrued expenses

	31/12/2022	01/01/2022
Short-term		
Others	30,000,000	80,000,000
Total	30,000,000	80,000,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

11. Owners' equity

a) Comparison table for changes in Owners' equity

	Owners' contributed capital	Undistributed profit	Total
Previous year opening balance	253,500,000,000	(89,429,016,482)	164,070,983,518
Loss in the previous year	-	(780,260,640)	(780,260,640)
Previous year closing balance	253,500,000,000	(90,209,277,122)	163,290,722,878
Current year opening balance	253,500,000,000	(90,209,277,122)	163,290,722,878
Loss in the current year	-	(587,751,189)	(587,751,189)
Current year closing balance	253,500,000,000	(90,797,028,311)	162,702,971,689

b) Detail of Owners' contributed capital

	Closing balance	Ratio	Opening balance	Ratio
	VND	%	VND	%
Tran Hong Tai	62,368,000,000	24.60%	62,368,000,000	24.60%
Other shareholders	191,132,000,000	75.40%	191,132,000,000	75.40%
Total	253,500,000,000	100.00%	253,500,000,000	100.00%

c) Capital transactions with owners and distributed dividends and profit

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Owners' contributed capital		
At the beginning of the year	253,500,000,000	253,500,000,000
At the end of the year	253,500,000,000	253,500,000,000

d) Shares

	31/12/2022	01/01/2022
Number of registered shares	25,350,000	25,350,000
Number of shares issued and fully contributed	25,350,000	25,350,000
- Common shares	25,350,000	25,350,000
Number of shares in circulation	25,350,000	25,350,000
- Common shares	25,350,000	25,350,000
Par value of shares in circulation:	10,000	10,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

1. Revenue from goods sold and services rendered

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Revenue from goods sold	-	6,467,798,546
Total	-	6,467,798,546

2. Cost of goods sold

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Cost of goods sold and services rendered	-	6,118,097,292
Total	-	6,118,097,292

3. Financial income

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Interest on deposits and loans	15,988,686	320,582,601
Total	15,988,686	320,582,601

4. Selling expenses and General administrative expenses

a) Selling expenses

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Staff cost	-	486,060,000
Raw materials and packaging costs	-	286,336
Total	-	486,346,336

b) General administrative expenses

Staff cost	150,440,000	458,526,000
Raw materials and packaging costs	-	93,781,019
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	249,029,640	253,020,797
Taxes, fees, and charges	4,590,800	3,000,000
External services	37,128,168	177,461,501
Other costs in cash	18,720,341	7,000,550
Total	459,908,949	992,789,867

5. Other income

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Income from disposal and sale of fixed assets	-	29,144,994
Total	-	29,144,994

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

6. Other expenses

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Penalties on social insurance, health insurance, unemployment insurance, and tax obligations interest.	-	553,286
Other expenses	143,830,926	-
Total	143,830,926	553,286

7. Current corporate income tax expense

	Year 2022	Year 2021
<i>Corporate income tax (CIT) from main operating activities</i>		
Total accounting profit before CIT	(587,751,189)	(780,260,640)
Adjustment to increase	143,830,926	553,286
- Non-deductible Expenses	143,830,926	553,286
Taxable Income for Corporate Income Tax (CIT).	(443,920,263)	(779,707,354)
Corporate Income Tax rate	20%	20%
Current CIT expense (20% tax rate)	-	-

8. Basic earnings per share

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Profit after tax	(587,751,189)	(780,260,640)
Profit attributable to common shares	(587,751,189)	(780,260,640)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	25,350,000	25,350,000
Profit after tax	(23)	(31)

9. Production and Business Costs by Element

	Year 2022	Year 2021
Raw materials and consumables	-	94,067,355
Staff cost	150,440,000	944,586,000
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	249,029,640	253,020,797
Taxes, fees, and charges	4,590,800	3,000,000
External services	37,128,168	177,461,501
Other costs in cash	18,720,341	7,000,550
Total	459,908,949	1,479,136,203

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

The Company's financial instruments include:

	Carrying amount	
	31/12/2022	01/01/2022
Financial liabilities		
Accrued expenses	30,000,000	80,000,000
Total	30,000,000	80,000,000

Financial assets and financial liabilities have not been remeasured at fair value as at the end of the financial year, as Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC and current regulations require the presentation of financial statements and related disclosures for financial instruments but do not provide corresponding guidance on the measurement and recognition of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, except for allowances for doubtful debts and provisions for diminution in value of investment securities, which are detailed in the relevant Notes.

The risks from financial instruments include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The General Director considers the application of management policies for the above risks as follows:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. There are three market risks: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risks such as the risk of the stock price. Financial instruments affected by the market risks include borrowings and liabilities, deposits, available-for-sale investments.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risks due to change in the interest rate of the Company mainly relate to the borrowings and liabilities, cash and short-term deposits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

2. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument or customer contract will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company bears credit risks from operating activities (mainly trade receivables) and from its financial activities including bank deposits, foreign exchange operations and other financial instruments.

Bank deposits

The company mainly maintains deposits at large and prestigious banks in Vietnam. The Company finds that the concentration of credit risk on bank deposits is low.

The Board of Directors and the General Director of the Company assess that most financial assets are within term and have not been impaired, as these financial assets are related to reputable customers with strong payment capabilities.

	Less than 1 year	From 1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 31/12/2022				
Cash and cash equivalents	166,638,863	-	-	166,638,863
Trade payables, Other payables	14,531,507	-	-	14,531,507
Borrowings and liabilities	-	3,400,000,000	-	3,400,000,000
	<u>181,170,370</u>	<u>3,400,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,581,170,370</u>
As at 01/01/2022				
Cash and cash equivalents	4,269,280,075	-	-	4,269,280,075
	<u>4,269,280,075</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,269,280,075</u>

3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises from difficulty in fulfilling financial obligations due to a lack of capital. The liquidity risk of the Company mainly arises from the difference in the maturity of the financial assets and liabilities.

The Company supervises liquidity risk by maintaining an amount of cash, cash equivalents and borrowings from banks at the level that the Board of Management considers sufficient to satisfy the Company's activities and minimize influences of changes in cash flows.

The maturity of financial liabilities based on contractual repayment terms (based on cash flows of principal) is as follows:

	Less than 1 year	From 1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 31/12/2022				
Trade payables	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000
	<u>30,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,000,000</u>
As at 01/01/2022				
Accrued expenses	80,000,000	-	-	80,000,000
	<u>80,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>80,000,000</u>

The Company has the ability to access capital sources and borrowings due within 12 months can be renewed with current customers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the financial year ended 31/12/2022**Unit: VND***VIII. OTHER INFORMATION****1. Other Financial Information****Event relating to the document warehouse fire incident**

On 31 March 2022, a fire occurred at the Company's document storage warehouse, resulting in the damage of two wooden filing cabinets and one long wooden cabinet, and the loss of all documents stored therein. The electrical system, one side of the air-conditioning unit, as well as the ceiling and walls were damaged and affected by smoke. This incident had a material adverse impact on the Company's business operations.

Litigation relating to investments

Through the capital-raising activities from 2015 to 2018, the Company has mobilized a total capital of VND 214,500,000,000.

In 2018, the Company made an investment in Nam Ha Processing Vegetables and Herbs Joint Stock Company with a total investment value of VND 243,200,000,000, representing 95% of the charter capital of Nam Ha Processing Vegetables and Herbs Joint Stock Company. The investment was approved under the resolutions of the Company's 2018 and 2019 Annual General Meetings of Shareholders.

In 2019, the Company implemented an investment restructuring plan approved under the resolution of the 1st Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in 2019. Accordingly, the Company divested its entire capital in Nam Ha Processing Vegetables and Herbs Joint Stock Company, and all proceeds from this divestment were used to acquire 95% of the shares of Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company.

In 2020, the Company transferred 47% of the charter capital in Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company, equivalent to 1,128,000 shares, at a transfer price of VND 32,000 per share. After the transfer, the Company retained 1,152,000 shares of Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company, representing 48% of the charter capital. The related gains and losses from this transaction were reflected in the 2020 financial statements.

The Board of Directors of Top One Allot Joint Stock Company (represented by Mr. Nguyen Ngoc Duong – Chairman of the Board) submitted a criminal complaint to the competent authorities on 28 October 2022, reporting alleged violations by certain members of the Board of Management during the period prior to 28 August 2022 in the management and operation of the Company, including matters related to certain transactions mentioned above. In April 2023, the Investigation Police Department of the Ha Giang Provincial Police notified the Company of its receipt of the above criminal denunciation.

On 1 August 2025, the Investigation Police Agency of Tuyen Quang Province completed the supplementary investigation and transferred the full case file of the "Fraudulent Appropriation of Assets" case, which occurred from 2015 to 2022 at Top One Allot Joint Stock Company, located at Group 1, Vi Xuyen Commune, Tuyen Quang Province, to the People's Procuracy of Tuyen Quang Province, proposing prosecution of the defendants before the law, including: Dinh Van Tao, Nguyen Huu Kha, Nguyen The Trinh, Do Xuan Long, and Vu Thai, for the crime of "Fraudulent Appropriation of Assets" as prescribed in Clause 4, Article 174 of the Criminal Code of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

On 3 September 2025, the People's Procuracy of Tuyen Quang Province issued Indictment No. 82/CT-VKSTQ-P1, prosecuting Dinh Van Tao and his accomplices for the crime of "Fraudulent Appropriation of Assets."

On 4 September 2025, the Tuyen Quang Provincial People's Procuracy (Branch 2) transferred the case file to the Tuyen Quang Provincial People's Court (Branch 2) for trial in accordance with its jurisdiction.

At the date of the preparation of the Financial Statements, the case is still under resolution in accordance with the applicable laws.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31/12/2022

Unit: VND

2. Transactions with related parties

The list and relationships between related parties and the Company are as follows:

Related party	Relationship
Mr. Vu Dinh Phuc	Chairman of the Board of Directors (Appointed from 28 August 2022, Resigned from 4 January 2023)
Mr. Nguyen Huu Kha	Chairman of the Board of Directors (Resigned from 28 August 2022)
Mr. Chu Xuan Lai	Member of the Board of Directors (Appointed from 28 August 2022, Resigned from 16 April 2023)
Mr. Nguyen Ngoc Duong	Member of the Board of Directors (Appointed from 28 August 2022, Resigned from 20 June 2024)
Mr. Dang Duc Loi	Member of the Board of Directors (Appointed from 28 August 2022, Resigned from 8 October 2023)
Mr. Do Xuan Long	Member of the Board of Directors (Resigned from 28 August 2022)
Mr. Nguyen The Trinh	Member of the Board of Directors (Resigned from 28 August 2022)
Mr. Luu Quang Hung	Independent Member of the Board of Directors (Appointed from 28 August 2022, Resigned from 16 April 2023)
Mr. Dang Duc Loi	Director (Appointed from 6 September 2022, Resigned from 24 May 2023)
Mr. Do Thanh Tung	Director (Resigned from 6 September 2022)
Mr. Luu Quang Hung	Independent Member of the Board of Directors (Appointed from 28 August 2022, Resigned from 16 April 2023)
Ha Giang Forestry Agricultural Commodity Joint Stock Company	Associated company
Ha Giang 1 Breed Joint Stock Company	Associated company
Ha Giang 2 Breed Joint Stock Company	Associated company

3. Comparative information

The comparative figures as of 1 January 2022 presented in the Statement of Financial Position and the comparative figures for 2022 presented in the Statement of Profit or Loss and the Statement of Cash Flows were taken from the Company's financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2021, which were audited by TTP Audit Company Limited on 18 January 2022.

4. Going concern information: The company will continue to operate in the future.

 Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Preparer

Tuyen Quang, 27 January 2026


 Dinh Thi Minh Thuan

Chief Accountant


 Nguyen Van Binh

General Director

